

Read to Be Ready plans for: Muncha! Muncha! Muncha! 2nd Grade

Standards:

ELA Standards: 1.FL.PA.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes) a) Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.

- 1.FL.PWR.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills when decoding isolated words and in connected text. a) Know the sound-spelling correspondence for common consonant digraphs. h) Read grade-level decodable text with purpose and understanding.
- 1.FL.WC.4 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills when encoding words; write legibly. b) Use conventional spelling for one-syllable words with common vowel spelling patterns including VCVe, common vowel teams, final –y, and r-controlled vowels.
- 1.FL.F.5 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a) Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- 1.FL.SC.6 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when speaking and conventions of standard English grammar and usage, including capitalization and punctuation, when writing. j) Capitalize names of people and dates.
- 1.FL.VA.7b With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. iii) Identify real-life connections between words and their use.
- 1.RI.KID.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- 1.RI.CS.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 1 topic or subject area.
- 1.RI.IKI.7 Either orally or in writing when appropriate, use the illustrations and words in a text to describe its key ideas.
- 1.SL.CC.1 Participate with varied peers and adults in collaborative conversations in small or large groups about appropriate 1St grade topics and texts.
- 1.SL.CC.2 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- 1.SL.PKI.5 Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions, when appropriate, to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
- 1.SL.PKI.6 With prompting and support, speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.
- 1.W.TTP.2 With prompting and support, write informative/explanatory texts, naming a topic, supplying some facts about the topic, and providing some sense of closure.
- 1.W.RW.10 With guidance and support from adults, engage routinely in writing activities to promote writing fluency and build writing stamina.

Science Standards: 1.ETS1: Engineering Design 1) Solve scientific problems by asking testable questions, making short-term and long-term observations, and gathering information.

2.ETS2: Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science, and Society 1) Use appropriate tools to make observations, record data, and refine design ideas.

Comprehension skill: Sequence Phonics: long o (CVCe), Contractions n't, 'm, 'll Phonemic Awareness: long/short vowel distinction Grammar/Writing: Days, Months, Holidays Unit Focus: Engineering

Culminating Task: Project Building to Keep Out Bunnies or Other Critters

ARTS INTEGRATION: What makes you say that? What do you see? Or What else can we find? For any pictures.

https://emprobstvts.weebly.com/vts-the-three-simple-questions.html

Text Set: Muncha! Muncha! Muncha!

EXPLANATION: As part of the design process, students should begin to understand that there can be multiple solutions to a single problem. In later grades, students will evaluate competing solutions based on their ability to work with criteria for success and constraints. In first grade, students should be preparing for this process by making observations before they begin to design a solution. Students can be given a problem to solve and tasked with making relevant observations. An example could be "How long does it take an ice cream bar to melt?" Students would observe the ice cream bar every 30 minutes.

Rd Lvl: 2.7, AR 2.4, LEX AD560L

Please check out culminating task on Friday. Begin collecting items for students to use for their project.

M Ask children what they Want to be when they grow Up. Ask if anyone wants to be an engineer. Ask if A anyone knows what an Y engineer does. Explain that engineers design things to help people. And they figure out how to solve problems. Ask/Discuss the following questions: 1) Where does your food come from? 2) How many different kinds of vegetables can you name? 3) Do you know anyone who has a garden? What does it look like? Have you ever helped anyone with their garden? Turn your volume off and Read Muncha! Muncha! Muncha! to children from the video: https://youtu.be/jEZnpXVI6L 4 Introduce the problem: The bunnies keep getting into Mr. McGreely's vegetable garden and eating his vegetables. T Reread the story or watch the U video Muncha! Share with the U wideo Muncha! Share with the Control of the sowed sowed nowed nowed hundle hundle trench what was Mr. Mi McGreely Turn and Talk—Individual hurdle their deep trench What type of deengineer design that would help bunnies out of the story of the story of the solution of the story of the solution of the solution of the story of the solution	outside (or you could already have 5 objects). Students will draw the object in its natural setting, identify the name of it and write a complete sentence about that object. Vice could an and build keep the he garden? Peps the chere could still be a garden? If r. What is an engineer? What is the engineering process? https://youtu.be/fxJWin 195kU https://www.readworks.org/article/What-Doesan-Engineer-Do/595c43c6-3935-47c3-9a04-3d77078d17fc#larticleT
Uvideo Muncha! Muncha!this story is Mr. MEMuncha! Share with thehas a big problem.	ab:content/
S students that this is a problem and how solve it? A tells a story. What are some the McGreely doesn't about bunnies? (he may be supported by the story. We receal the Muncha! E Muncha! Muncha! Share D with the students that this is a fiction book because the author, Candace Fleming, made it up in her imagination. A sy "In this book, the author wrote words to show how the interest of the story of the story. How do Mr. McGreely doesn't about bunnies? (he may be solve it? Talk about "sounce class. Make a list of the story. Have story. Have story author, Candace Fleming, made it up in her imagination. How do Mr. McGreely doesn't about bunnies? (he may be solve it? Talk about "sounce class. Make a list of the story. Have story. Have story author, Candace Fleming, made it up in her imagination. How do Mr. McGreely doesn't about bunnies? (he may be solve it?	For a short amount of time, have the students sit and watch the world around them. Write down everything they see. Go back in the classroom and have students write sentences using what they saw. Begin with "I went outside and sat on the grass. I saw Then I saw" Divide students into groups (depending on how many sound words you found so each student has one word). Student will write the word and illustrate the word. Each group will put their words each one.

	words today.	bunnies were in his basket.	
T H U R S D A Y	Show students the video Muncha! Muncha! Muncha! Tell students before hand that they are going to be working with a partner to retell the story so they listen carefully.	Go back and review about how what an engineer does. Explainto the class that sometimes engineers work with partners to design things. Today the students will work together as a team to retell the story. Partner students or possibly 3 students to retell the story. The story must have 6 facts. Write the facts on a different sheet of	→
		paper. Illustrate using text evidence.	

Students will work together for a culminating task of designing (as an engineer would do) a plan to keep bunnies or other critters out of their garden.

- 1) Design must first be on paper—illustration and identifying what the objects are.
- 2) Using items such as toilet paper rolls, paper towel rolls, dirt, etc. they will design their garden area along with what they would use to keep the bunnies out.
- 3) Students will look at each group's project and determine which is the best for its purpose.

This is not a regular reading day as you can tell. It's probably going to get noisy. Listen to the conversations going on around the room to see if students are understanding how/what an engineer does. Begin on Monday asking students to bring in objects that they will use.